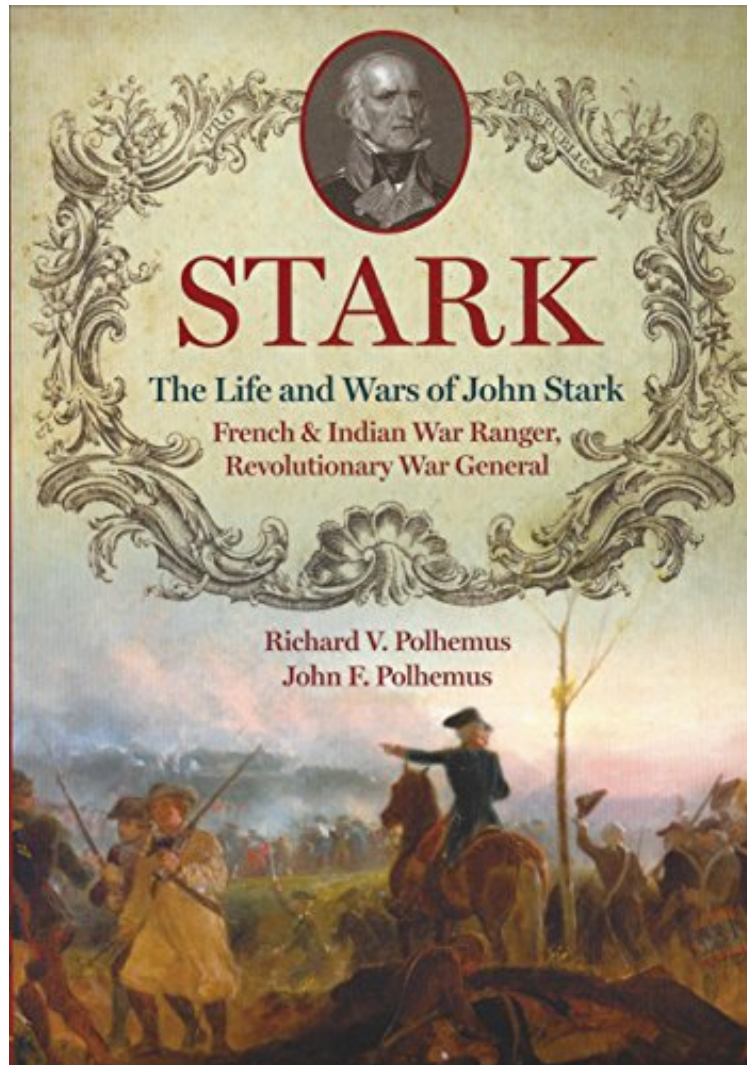


[FREE] Stark; The Life and Wars of John Stark, French and Indian War Ranger, Revolutionary War General

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0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. I was expecting a work with many more details of ...By CustomerI was expecting a work with many more details of the life of John Stark and particulars about his participation in the battles in which he took part in ;especially Bennington. Instead this book was a rather general survey of the times where Stark's contributions played a part.If I wanted to get a feel of John stark the man ,this book did not do it. For

example in comparison to Higginbotham's book on Daniel Morgan this read falls way short. I actually got to know more about Robert Rogers than Stark. 1 of 1 people found the following review helpful. One of the best books I read in the past couple of years ...By Arnold Piper One of the best books I read in the past couple of years on a mostly forgotten hero of the Revolution. Stark's name comes up often in other books about key battles of the war or biographies of well known leaders but this is the first I've seen on John Stark. It was very interesting and kept my interest throughout the entire book. 0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Five Stars By Maj Ralph L. Holloway Super book about an important figure in the Revolutionary War.

Few men contributed as much to the American victory in the Revolutionary War but have been as little recognized as a New Hampshire farmer and lumberman by the name of John Stark. But although his life is not well known, a few words he wrote live on: Live Free or Die. He served as a captain of rangers with Robert Rogers in the French and Indian War, and as a colonel and general in the Revolution at Bunker Hill, Trenton, Princeton, Westchester, Springfield, Saratoga, Ticonderoga and West Point. But his greatest achievement was at Hoosick, N.Y., in what became known as the Battle of Bennington. The Battle of Saratoga and the surrender of Burgoyne on 17 October 1777 was the turning point of the American Revolution, but the Battle of Bennington on 16 August set the stage. At Bennington John Stark commanded a force of militia and Green Mountain Boys, everyday men from Vermont and New Hampshire facing professional European soldiers. In a daring and complicated attack, Stark routed an entrenched enemy and almost entirely destroyed it. It was the beginning of the end of the British invasion from Canada until then a juggernaut that could not be stopped. Stark was the quintessential citizen soldier proud, resourceful, independent. He was unschooled and rough around the edges, a New Hampshire frontiersman. Captured by Indians in 1752, he earned their respect by fighting his way out of their gauntlet. Congress and commanding officers didn't always like him, but they relied on him. Stark enlisted for the French and Indian War along with a friend, Robert Rogers. When Rogers was ordered to form a corps of rangers, one of the first he chose was John Stark, who rose to captain of rangers and fought in many of the legendary battles along Lake George and Lake Champlain, including the Battle of Ticonderoga and the First Battle on Snowshoes. Stark's ranger experience taught him tactics he would use effectively in the Revolution as he rose through the ranks to brigadier general, fighting at Bunker Hill, Trenton, Princeton, Springfield, Bennington, and Saratoga (Stark's Knob). He crossed the Delaware with Washington, covered the retreat of the army from Canada, defended Fort Ticonderoga, and sat on the Board of General Officers that convicted Major John Andr , Benedict Arnold's British contact. At war's end, John Stark quietly returned to his farm and lumber mill. He departed the spotlight and remains largely unheralded to this day except in New Hampshire, where he is best known for some words he penned in a letter to the Bennington Committee on 31 July 1809 in response to an invitation to celebrate the anniversary of the Battle of Bennington. He regretted that he could not attend, but he offered them this toast: Live free or die death is not the worst of evils.